



Declaration of the GSG's 1st Mock Conference of Parties (MCOP)

Date: 25th September, 2024

Location: Singapore

Preamble:

We, the representatives of various stakeholders in the global fight against climate change, gathered at the Global School Group, Singapore (MCOP), hereby declare our commitment to addressing the urgent and critical issue of climate change. Recognising the need for immediate and sustained action to protect our planet for future generations, we have come together to negotiate and agree on the following commitments and actions.

Article 1: Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction

Achieve significant reductions in CO2 emissions to meet international climate targets.

- Encourage investment in clean energy technologies and infrastructure, aiming for a 25% increase in renewable energy capacity by 2030
- 2. Enhance international cooperation by establishing a global emissions monitoring and reporting system by 2025, with bi-annual progress reports
- 3. Develop incentives for industries to reduce their carbon footprint by 20% by 2030 through tax breaks and funding for green technologies
- 4. Support reforestation and afforestation projects to plant 1 billion trees globally by 2030, with annual CO2 sequestration targets





Article 2: Renewable Energy Transition

Increase the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix to reduce reliance on fossil fuels.

- 1. Increase the share of renewable energy to 50% of total energy production by 2035 for developed countries, and developing countries by 2045, with annual progress tracking.
- 2. Plan the gradual shutdown of coal power plants in developed countries by 2040 and in developing countries by 2050, with yearly reductions in coal capacity.
- 3. Implement subsidies and incentives for solar, wind, and hydro energy projects by 2035 for developed countries and 2040 for developing countries, with a yearly increase in renewable capacity.
- 4. Promote international cooperation on renewable energy research, establishing five new research partnerships annually by 2035 for developed countries and 2040 for developing countries.
- 5. Encourage the installation of solar panels on 30% of public buildings and 10% of homes by 2045, with government-backed incentives.
- 6. Develop smart grids in 50% of urban areas by 2040 to efficiently distribute renewable energy and reduce energy waste.
- 7. Establish 10 public-private partnerships for renewable investments by 2035 for developed countries and 2045 for developing countries, increasing funding for sustainable energy projects.
- 8. Ensure a just transition for fossil fuel workers by 2035, with retraining programs and job placement for 80% of displaced workers.





Article 3: Climate Finance

Mobilise financial resources to support climate adaptation and mitigation efforts in developing countries.

- Developed countries commit to providing \$100 billion annually to developing countries for climate action by 2030 in any form (assets, technology, loans, etc.) with transparent reporting on contributions and disbursements.
- 2. Enhance the global fund for loss and damage with an initial capital of \$40 billion by 2025, and ensure annual contributions and progress reviews with excess capital invested in sovereign bonds and forex markets.
- 3. Create low-interest loans and grants for renewable energy and climate resilience projects in developing countries by 2024, disbursing at least \$10 billion annually by 2030. The World Bank will be the source of all loans.
- 4. Promote transparency and accountability in the use of climate finance by implementing standardized reporting frameworks by 2025 and conducting annual audits. This will occur through milestone based funding. Nations must provide details of projects and costs along with progress reports to access funding.
- 5. Encourage private sector investment in green technologies and sustainable projects by offering tax incentives and risk-sharing mechanisms to attract at least \$50 billion in investments by 2030. This will include green and resilience bonds and private-public collaboration.





Article 4: Adaptation and Resilience

Strengthen the ability of communities and countries to adapt to the impacts of climate change.

- 1. Create community-based adaptation programs in at least 58% to 60% of vulnerable communities by 2030, with annual funding and participation growth.
- 2. Establish early warning systems for extreme weather events in 80% of high-risk countries by 2025, ensuring timely and effective responses.

Article 5: Technology Sharing

Facilitate the transfer of clean technologies to accelerate global climate action.

- 1. Encourage developed countries to provide clean technology to developing countries at low or no cost, with a goal of transferring technology to 20% of developing nations by 2030.
- 2. Remove barriers to sharing green technologies by 2025, with 10 legal reforms by 2029, such as IP-sharing agreements and reduced tariffs on clean energy technologies and incorporate green tech licensing & provide open data along with knowledge centres.
- 3. Ensure equitable access to new technologies for all countries, wth 80% of low-income nations gaining access to the latest clean technologies by 2030 through global support initiatives, providing that capacity building for all countries is considered to ensure maintenance of their technology. Additionally, create a committee of varied members under the General Assembly of the UN.





Article 6: Protecting Forests and Land

Reduce deforestation and promote sustainable land use practices to enhance carbon sequestration and biodiversity.

- 1. Commit to reducing deforestation rates by 75% by 2030, with annual deforestation reductions tracked and reported in all countries starting in 2025.
- 2. Promote reforestation by planting 350 million hectares of degraded land globally by 2030, with 50 million hectares planted by 2025 and annual progress monitored.
- 3. Develop and implement sustainable land use policies by 2025 in at least 80% of countries, ensuring that land use is managed to prevent over-exploitation and environmental degradation.
- 4. Support community-based forest management programs in at least 50% of forest-dependent communities by 2027, providing funding and training for sustainable practices.
- 5. Create incentives for farmers to use sustainable agriculture practices, reaching 70% of farmers in vulnerable regions by 2030, with annual adoption rates tracked and increased by 10% per year.
- 6. Protect existing forests through legal regulations and enforcement, reducing illegal logging by 40% by 2025 with stricter penalties and enhanced surveillance.





Article 7: Conserving Biodiversity

Protect and restore biodiversity to ensure healthy ecosystems and resilience against climate change.

- 1. Commit to protecting 30% of terrestrial and marine areas by 2030, ensuring that each country designates at least 10% of its areas as protected by 2025, with annual progress reports.
- 2. Develop strategies to combat illegal wildlife trade and poaching by 2025, reducing incidents by 50% through strengthened laws, surveillance, and enforcement mechanisms by 2030.
- 3. Promote habitat restoration projects, including wetlands and coral reefs, by restoring 10 million hectares globally by 2030, with a goal of 2 million hectares restored annually.
- 4. Fund research on endangered species and conservation methods, allocating \$1 billion annually by 2025 for research on endangered species, and ensuring findings are shared internationally.
- 5. Establish protected areas and wildlife corridors to connect habitats by 2030, with 50% of identified critical corridors implemented by 2025 to allow species migration and ecosystem stability.
- 6. Encourage sustainable tourism practices that protect biodiversity, ensuring that by 2025, 80% of tourism operators in biodiversity-rich areas adhere to sustainable practices, with certifications issued.





Article 8: Raising Awareness and Education

Increase public understanding and engagement in climate action through education and awareness campaigns.

- Launch global campaigns to raise awareness about climate change, reaching at least 1 billion people by 2030, with annual progress tracking and engagement through social media, TV, and public events starting in 2024.
- 2. Integrate climate change education into school curriculums worldwide by 2025, ensuring at least 80% of schools in all countries include climate education in their national curriculum by that deadline.
- 3. Develop online resources and educational materials on climate change, producing at least 100 comprehensive resources by 2025, with user engagement tracked through downloads and interactions.
- 4. Encourage media outlets to regularly cover climate change issues, securing commitments from 50 major global media outlets by 2025 to feature climate topics monthly.





Youth Commitment

We acknowledge that, as young individuals, we may not yet hold positions of power or influence, but we firmly believe that our voices and actions can drive significant change. We are determined to start our journey towards a sustainable future by taking actionable steps today.

We, the young leaders, hereby declare our commitment to taking a significant step towards translating our vision into reality. We commit to the following

Pen Recycling Drives: The students shall organise **four collection drives** for unused pens annually, with the objective of recycling through accredited organizations, such as Save the Pen.org. The collected pens will be donated to children in need by **July 2025**. Additionally, a fundraiser will be conducted in conjunction with these drives to support the initiative.

Tree Planting Initiative: The student council will implement a policy whereby every student, across all grades, shall plant a tree sapling as part of their birthday celebration. The sapling can be planted either within or outside the school premises, depending on the availability of space. This policy will be in effect from **December 2024**.

Aerobic Composting of Food Waste: A food waste reduction initiative will be introduced in the school canteens or homes, with the aim to reduce wastage and promote aerobic composting of food waste. This program shall be fully operational by **July 2025**.

and will provide a comprehensive report to the MCOP next year regarding our actions. Additionally, we will present quarterly updates on our progress and achievements.

Conclusion:

By adopting this declaration, we reaffirm our commitment to taking bold and decisive action to combat climate change. We pledge to work collaboratively, leveraging our collective knowledge, resources, and determination to create a sustainable and resilient future for all.





Signatories:

Team 1 - Climate Leaders (Developed Country)

Team 2 – Green Growth Champions (Developing Country)

Team 3 – Green Growth Aspirants (Least Developed Country)

Team 4 – Earth Protectors (NGO)

Team 5 - Green Global Alliance (Intergovernmental Organisation)

Team 6 – Future Fuellers (Fossile Fuel Company)

Team 7 - Climate Funders (Finance Sector)

Team 8 - Earth's Young Stewards (Youth & Indigenous)

Goal Chairs